April 8, 2020

From the desk of:
Wendy Hirschenberger, MPH
Health Officer, Grand Traverse County Health Department

Dear Grand Traverse County Community,

Earlier today, I issued Grand Traverse County Public Health Officer - Emergency Order (GT-2020-01). This emergency order was set in place for essential businesses that are still operating during this uncertain and scary time, and was done so in the interest of the health and safety of our entire Grand Traverse County community in an effort to slow and reduce the transmission of COVID-19.

Many businesses in the county have already implemented these measures in conjunction with the Governor’s order to Stay Home and Stay Safe. Thank you for prioritizing the health of everyone during this difficult time. I also understand that there may be some that are still operating businesses that may be struggling with the swiftness of this order, finding it difficult to immediately comply. While the Emergency Order goes into effect on April 9, 2020 at 12:00am, I know it might take some businesses time to meet all conditions within the order. Our goal is to not be punitive and engage in immediate enforcement, but rather to work with employers to become compliant with the order so we may lessen the spread of COVID-19 in our community and ensure the safety of you, your staff, and all that come into contact with you.

We have provided the attached tool kit for your reference. We encourage you to contact us at 231-995-6800 if you have any questions about this Emergency Order or how we may help you.

Your willingness to participate will potentially save lives!

Thank you,

Wendy Hirschenberger, MPH
Health Officer, Grand Traverse County Health Officer
EMERGENCY ORDER (2020-1) FOR CONTROL OF PANDEMIC

Required screening and social distancing measures at open businesses and operations subject to the Governor’s Executive Order 2020-21

Health Order attached for reference.

In accordance with Grand Traverse County Health Order 2020-01

ESSENTIAL OPERATIONS AND SERVICES ARE REQUIRED TO:

• Screen employees for COVID-19 symptoms
  A Sample Employee Screening Checklist is included for your convenience.

• Provide visible guidance of 6-ft physical distancing
  Guidance included in this packet about Social Distancing and how to establish visual distance markings in your facility for customers and employees. Sample signs are included to remind customers about social distancing.

• Limit capacity to comply with 6-ft social distancing
  Capacity should be limited based on the size of your facility to maintain appropriate social distancing requirements.

• Publish notice at entrance to inform public of order
  A sample public notice sign that summarizes the Order is included. Please post a sign at your entrance along with the full text of the Order.

For questions please contact the Grand Traverse County Health Department
Call: 231-995-6800 or Email: gtchd@gtchd.org
This checklist is a sample only. It is not intended to take the place of medical advice, diagnosis or treatment.

**WHAT TO DO**

- Create and implement an active screening plan including:
  - Location and staffing of the screening table
  - Signage to support the active screening process
  - Rules to allow or prohibit entry
  - Script for screening
  - Alcohol-based hand sanitizer available at the screening table
  - Handout explaining the changes
  - Develop sick policies, like work from home options

**SCREENING QUESTIONS TO CONSIDER**

- In the past 24 hours, have you experienced:
  - Subjective fever (felt feverish): Yes No
  - New or worsening cough: Yes No
  - Shortness of breath: Yes No
  - Sore throat: Yes No
  - Vomiting/Diarrhea: Yes No
  - Current temperature: Yes No

- If you answer “yes” to any of the symptoms listed above, or your temperature is 100.4°F or higher, please do not go into work. Self-isolate at home and contact your primary care physician’s office for direction.
  - You should isolate at home for minimum of 7 days since symptoms first appear.
  - You must also have 3 days without fevers and improvement in respiratory symptoms

- Have you had close contact in the last 14 days with an individual diagnosed with COVID-19?
- Have you engaged in any activity or travel within the last 14 days which fails to comply with the Stay Home, Stay Safe Executive Order?
- Have you been directed or told by the local health department or your healthcare provider to self-isolate or self-quarantine?

- If you answer “yes” to either of these questions, please do not go into work. Self-quarantine at home for 14 days.

**HOW TO RESPOND**

- If the individual answers NO to all questions, they have passed the screening and can begin working.
- If the individual answers YES to any screening questions, or refuses to answer, they failed the screening. Instruct the employee to return home and quarantine for 14 days. They should also be advised to call their healthcare provider or 911 as needed.
- Please refer to the attached flow chart as needed for guidance on employees returning to work.

For more information, visit [CDC’s Resources for Businesses and Employers](https://www.cdc.gov/coronavirus/2019-ncov/worksafe/businesses-employers.html). For questions call 231-995-6800
Social distancing means keeping a physical separation from other people. This includes avoiding groups of people and keeping space between yourself and others. It can include larger measures like closing public spaces and canceling group events. It helps protect people from illness, especially those who are more vulnerable. Social distancing limits the spread of disease by lowering the chance of contact with someone with COVID-19. Please create specific business plans based on these guidelines.

**PRACTICE SOCIAL DISTANCING**

**INDIVIDUALS CAN**
- Keep six (6) feet between yourself and others.
- Avoid getting together in social groups and gatherings.
- Use Skype and FaceTime to visit family and friends.
- Use online, curbside or drive-through services such as banking, groceries, pharmacy and carryout.
- Avoid public places at their busiest times.

**BUSINESSES CAN**
- Have employees tele-work when possible.
- Modify operations to provide online options.
- Restrict areas where people may gather.
- Limit in-person meetings and use electronic communication methods.
- Assess store layout and modify high traffic areas (i.e. checkout lines, pharmacy counter etc.) to create six (6) feet of space between people:
  - Special store hours for seniors, healthcare workers and first responders to shop.
  - Signage asking people to remain at least 6 feet apart from others.
  - Mark floors of checkout lines with tape for 6 foot spacing between customers.
  - Promote curbside pick-up, delivery and online services.

**EVERYONE SHOULD**
- Stay home when sick.
- Avoid hugging, high-fives, shaking hands, and sharing cups or eating utensils.
- Use good personal hygiene practices whenever you are out in public:
  - Washing your hands often with soap and warm water for 20 seconds, and help young children do the same. If soap and water are not available, use an alcohol-based hand sanitizer with at least 60% alcohol.
  - Covering your nose and mouth with a tissue when you cough or sneeze, or cough/sneeze in your upper sleeve. Immediately throw away used tissues in the trash, then wash hands.
  - Avoiding touching your eyes, nose, and mouth with unwashed hands.
  - Cleaning and disinfecting frequently touched surfaces, such as toys and doorknobs.

CUSTOMERS & EMPLOYEES MUST PRACTICE 6-FEET SOCIAL DISTANCE WHILE INSIDE THIS FACILITY
EMERGENCY ORDER (2020-1) FOR CONTROL OF PANDEMIC
Required screening and social distancing measures at open businesses and operations subject to the Governors Executive Order 2020-21

In accordance with the Grand Traverse County Health Order 2020-01
ESSENTIAL OPERATIONS AND SERVICES ARE REQUIRED TO:

Screen employees for COVID-19 symptoms

Provide visible guidance of 6-ft physical distancing

Limit capacity to comply with 6-ft social distancing

For questions please contact the Grand Traverse County Health Department
Call: 231-995-6800 or Email: gtchd@gtchd.org
When is it safe to leave home if you have symptoms of COVID-19 or live with someone who does?

Employers can’t retaliate against workers for taking time away from work under these circumstances.
File a complaint with MIOSHA. Learn more at Michigan.gov/MIOSHAcomplaint.

For Me
- I have been diagnosed with COVID-19.
  - Stay home for 7 days after you were tested or developed symptoms.
  - After staying home for 7 days, have you been symptom-free for 3 days?
    - Yes: You may leave if you are symptom-free.
    - No: Stay home until 3 days have passed after all symptoms have stopped.

Close Contacts
- I have developed one or more symptoms of COVID-19.
  - Stay home for 14 days after your last contact with the sick person.
  - Monitor yourself for symptoms.

- I live with someone diagnosed with COVID-19.
  - You may leave if you are symptom-free.

- I live with someone who has developed one or more symptoms of COVID-19.
  - Stay home for 14 days after your last contact with the sick person.
  - Monitor yourself for symptoms.

How do I monitor myself?
Pay attention for COVID-19 symptoms:
- Fever
- Cough
- Shortness of breath

If you are concerned about your health or develop symptoms, contact your health care provider or urgent care.

Should I wear a mask?
If you or your close contact is symptomatic and you must leave home, you should cover your nose and mouth with a homemade mask, scarf, bandana or handkerchief.

*Process for general public, does not specifically apply to workers at a health-care facility, first responders (e.g., police officers, fire fighters, paramedics), and prison employees.*
Timing and location of cleaning and disinfection of surfaces.

At a school, daycare center, office, or other facility that does not house people overnight:

It is recommended to close off areas used by the ill persons and wait as long as practical before beginning cleaning and disinfection to minimize potential for exposure to respiratory droplets. Open outside doors and windows to increase air circulation in the area. If possible, wait up to 24 hours before beginning cleaning and disinfection.

How to clean and disinfect.

**Surfaces**

If surfaces are dirty, they should be cleaned using a detergent or soap and water prior to disinfection.

For disinfection, diluted household bleach solutions, alcohol solutions with at least 70% alcohol, and most common EPA-registered household disinfectants should be effective.

- Diluted household bleach solutions can be used if appropriate for the surface. Follow manufacturer's instructions for application and proper ventilation.
- Check to ensure the product is not past its expiration date. Never mix household bleach with ammonia or any other cleanser.

- Unexpired household bleach will be effective against coronaviruses when properly diluted.
  
  Prepare a bleach solution by mixing:
  - Five tablespoons (1/3 cup) bleach per gallon of water, or
  - Four teaspoons bleach per quart of water.

**Soft Surfaces**

For soft (porous) surfaces such as carpeted floor, rugs, and drapes, remove visible contamination if present and clean with appropriate cleaners indicated for use on these surfaces. After cleaning:

- If the items can be laundered, launder items in accordance with the manufacturer’s instructions using the warmest appropriate water setting for the items and then dry items completely. Otherwise, use products with the EPA-approved emerging viral pathogens claims that are suitable for porous surfaces.
Linens, Clothing, and Other Items That Go in the Laundry

- Do not shake dirty laundry; this minimizes the possibility of dispersing virus through the air.
- Wash items as appropriate in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions. If possible, launder items using the warmest appropriate water setting for the items and dry items completely. Dirty laundry that has been in contact with an ill person can be washed with other people’s items.
- Clean and disinfect hampers or other carts for transporting laundry according to guidance above for hard or soft surfaces.

Personal protective equipment (PPE) and hand hygiene considerations.

Cleaning staff should wear disposable gloves and gowns for all tasks in the cleaning process, including handling trash.

- Gloves and gowns should be compatible with the disinfectant products being used.
- Additional PPE might be required based on the cleaning/disinfectant products being used and whether there is a risk of splash.
- Gloves and gowns should be removed carefully to avoid contamination of the wearer and the surrounding area. Be sure to clean hands after removing gloves.
- Gloves should be removed after cleaning a room or area occupied by ill persons. Clean hands immediately after gloves are removed.
- Cleaning staff should immediately report breaches in PPE (e.g., tear in gloves) or any potential exposures to their supervisor.

Cleaning staff and others should clean hands often.

Clean hands often including immediately after removing gloves and after contact with an ill person, by washing hands with soap and warm water for 20 seconds. If soap and warm water are not available and hands are not visibly dirty, an alcohol-based hand sanitizer that contains at least 60% alcohol may be used. However, if hands are visibly dirty, always wash hands with soap and warm water.

Follow normal preventive actions while at work and home, including cleaning hands and avoiding touching eyes, nose, or mouth. Additional key times to clean hands include:

- After blowing one’s nose, coughing, or sneezing
- After using the restroom
- Before eating or preparing food
- After contact with animals or pets
- Before and after providing routine care for another person who needs assistance (e.g., a child)
EXECUTIVE ORDER
No. 2020-21

Temporary requirement to suspend activities that are not necessary to sustain or protect life

The novel coronavirus (COVID-19) is a respiratory disease that can result in serious illness or death. It is caused by a new strain of coronavirus not previously identified in humans and easily spread from person to person. Older adults and those with chronic health conditions are at particular risk, and there is an increased risk of rapid spread of COVID-19 among persons in close proximity to one another. There is currently no approved vaccine or antiviral treatment for this disease.

On March 10, 2020, the Michigan Department of Health and Human Services identified the first two presumptive-positive cases of COVID-19 in Michigan. On that same day, I issued Executive Order 2020-4. This order declared a state of emergency across the state of Michigan under section 1 of article 5 of the Michigan Constitution of 1963, the Emergency Management Act, 1976 PA 390, as amended, MCL 30.401-.421, and the Emergency Powers of the Governor Act of 1945, 1945 PA 302, as amended, MCL 10.31-.33.

The Emergency Management Act vests the governor with broad powers and duties to “cope with dangers to this state or the people of this state presented by a disaster or emergency,” which the governor may implement through “executive orders, proclamations, and directives having the force and effect of law.” MCL 30.403(1)-(2). Similarly, the Emergency Powers of the Governor Act of 1945, provides that, after declaring a state of emergency, “the governor may promulgate reasonable orders, rules, and regulations as he or she considers necessary to protect life and property or to bring the emergency situation within the affected area under control.” MCL 10.31(1).

To suppress the spread of COVID-19, to prevent the state’s health care system from being overwhelmed, to allow time for the production of critical test kits, ventilators, and personal protective equipment, and to avoid needless deaths, it is reasonable and necessary to direct residents to remain at home or in their place of residence to the maximum extent feasible.

This order takes effect on March 24, 2020 at 12:01 am, and continues through April 13, 2020 at 11:59 pm.
Acting under the Michigan Constitution of 1963 and Michigan law, I order the following:

1. This order must be construed broadly to prohibit in-person work that is not necessary to sustain or protect life.

2. Subject to the exceptions in section 7, all individuals currently living within the State of Michigan are ordered to stay at home or at their place of residence. Subject to the same exceptions, all public and private gatherings of any number of people occurring among persons not part of a single household are prohibited.

3. All individuals who leave their home or place of residence must adhere to social distancing measures recommended by the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, including remaining at least six feet from people from outside the individual's household to the extent feasible under the circumstances.

4. No person or entity shall operate a business or conduct operations that require workers to leave their homes or places of residence except to the extent that those workers are necessary to sustain or protect life or to conduct minimum basic operations.

   (a) For purposes of this order, workers who are necessary to sustain or protect life are defined as "critical infrastructure workers," as described in sections 8 and 9.

   (b) For purposes of this order, workers who are necessary to conduct minimum basic operations are those whose in-person presence is strictly necessary to allow the business or operation to maintain the value of inventory and equipment, care for animals, ensure security, process transactions (including payroll and employee benefits), or facilitate the ability of other workers to work remotely.

   Businesses and operations must determine which of their workers are necessary to conduct minimum basic operations and inform such workers of that designation. Businesses and operations must make such designations in writing, whether by electronic message, public website, or other appropriate means. Such designations, however, may be made orally until March 31, 2020 at 11:59 pm.

5. Businesses and operations that employ critical infrastructure workers may continue in-person operations, subject to the following conditions:

   (a) Consistent with sections 8 and 9, businesses and operations must determine which of their workers are critical infrastructure workers and inform such workers of that designation. Businesses and operations must make such designations in writing, whether by electronic message, public website, or other appropriate means. Such designations, however, may be made orally until March 31, 2020 at 11:59 pm. Businesses and operations need not designate:
(1) Workers in health care and public health.

(2) Workers who perform necessary government activities, as described in section 6.

(3) Workers and volunteers described in section 9(d).

(b) In-person activities that are not necessary to sustain or protect life must be suspended until normal operations resume.

(c) Businesses and operations maintaining in-person activities must adopt social distancing practices and other mitigation measures to protect workers and patrons. Those practices and measures include, but are not limited to:

(1) Restricting the number of workers present on premises to no more than is strictly necessary to perform the business’s or operation’s critical infrastructure functions.

(2) Promoting remote work to the fullest extent possible.

(3) Keeping workers and patrons who are on premises at least six feet from one another to the maximum extent possible, including for customers who are standing in line.

(4) Increasing standards of facility cleaning and disinfection to limit worker and patron exposure to COVID-19, as well as adopting protocols to clean and disinfect in the event of a positive COVID-19 case in the workplace.

(5) Adopting policies to prevent workers from entering the premises if they display respiratory symptoms or have had contact with a person who is known or suspected to have COVID-19.

(6) Any other social distancing practices and mitigation measures recommended by the Centers for Disease Control.

6. All in-person government activities at whatever level (state, county, or local) that are not necessary to sustain or protect life, or to supporting those businesses and operations that are necessary to sustain or protect life, are suspended.

(a) For purposes of this order, necessary government activities include activities performed by critical infrastructure workers, including workers in law enforcement, public safety, and first responders.

(b) Such activities also include, but are not limited to, public transit, trash pick-up and disposal, activities necessary to manage and oversee elections, operations necessary to enable transactions that support the work of a business’s or operation’s critical infrastructure workers, and the maintenance of safe and sanitary public parks so as to allow for outdoor recreation.
(c) For purposes of this order, necessary government activities include minimum basic operations, as described in section 4(b). Workers performing such activities need not be designated.

(d) Any in-person government activities must be performed consistently with the social distancing practices and other mitigation measures to protect workers and patrons described in section 5(c).

7. Exceptions.

(a) Individuals may leave their home or place of residence, and travel as necessary:

(1) To engage in outdoor activity, including walking, hiking, running, cycling, or any other recreational activity consistent with remaining at least six feet from people from outside the individual’s household.

(2) To perform their jobs as critical infrastructure workers after being so designated by their employers. (Critical infrastructure workers who need not be designated under section 5(a) may leave their home for work without a designation.)

(3) To conduct minimum basic operations, as described in section 4(b), after being designated to perform such work by their employers.

(4) To perform necessary government activities, as described in section 6.

(5) To perform tasks that are necessary to their health and safety, or to the health and safety of their family or household members (including pets). Individuals may, for example, leave the home or place of residence to secure medication or to seek medical or dental care that is necessary to address a medical emergency or to preserve the health and safety of a household or family member (including procedures that, in accordance with a duly implemented nonessential procedures postponement plan, have not been postponed).

(6) To obtain necessary services or supplies for themselves, their family or household members, and their vehicles. Individuals must secure such services or supplies via delivery to the maximum extent possible. As needed, however, individuals may leave the home or place of residence to purchase groceries, take-out food, gasoline, needed medical supplies, and any other products necessary to maintain the safety, sanitation, and basic operation of their residences.

(7) To care for a family member or a family member’s pet in another household.
(8) To care for minors, dependents, the elderly, persons with disabilities, or other vulnerable persons.

(9) To visit an individual under the care of a health care facility, residential care facility, or congregate care facility, to the extent otherwise permitted.

(10) To attend legal proceedings or hearings for essential or emergency purposes as ordered by a court.

(11) To work or volunteer for businesses or operations (including both and religious and secular nonprofit organizations) that provide food, shelter, and other necessities of life for economically disadvantaged or otherwise needy individuals, individuals who need assistance as a result of this emergency, and people with disabilities.

(b) Individuals may also travel:

(1) To return to a home or place of residence from outside this state.

(2) To leave this state for a home or residence elsewhere.

(3) To travel between two residences in this state.

(4) As required by law enforcement or a court order, including the transportation of children pursuant to a custody agreement.

8. For purposes of this order, critical infrastructure workers are those workers described by the Director of the U.S. Cybersecurity and Infrastructure Security Agency in his guidance of March 19, 2020 on the COVID-19 response (available here). Such workers include some workers in each of the following sectors:

(a) Health care and public health.

(b) Law enforcement, public safety, and first responders.

(c) Food and agriculture.

(d) Energy.

(e) Water and wastewater.

(f) Transportation and logistics.

(g) Public works.

(h) Communications and information technology, including news media.

(i) Other community-based government operations and essential functions.
(j) Critical manufacturing.

(k) Hazardous materials.

(l) Financial services.

(m) Chemical supply chains and safety.

(n) Defense industrial base.

9. For purposes of this order, critical infrastructure workers also include:

(a) Child care workers (including workers at disaster relief child care centers), but only to the extent necessary to serve the children or dependents of critical infrastructure workers as defined in this order. This category includes individuals (whether licensed or not) who have arranged to care for the children or dependents of critical infrastructure workers.

(b) Workers at designated suppliers and distribution centers, as described below.

(1) A business or operation that employs critical infrastructure workers may designate suppliers, distribution centers, or service providers whose continued operation is necessary to enable, support, or facilitate the work of its critical infrastructure workers.

(2) Such suppliers, distribution centers, or service providers may designate workers as critical infrastructure workers only to the extent those workers are necessary to enable, support, or facilitate the work of the original operation’s or business’s critical infrastructure workers.

(3) Designated suppliers, distribution centers, and service providers may in turn designate additional suppliers, distribution centers, and service providers whose continued operation is necessary to enable, support, or facilitate the work of their critical infrastructure workers.

(4) Such additional suppliers, distribution centers, and service providers may designate workers as critical infrastructure workers only to the extent that those workers are necessary to enable, support, or facilitate the work of the critical infrastructure workers at the supplier, distribution center, or service provider that has designated them.

(5) Businesses, operations, suppliers, distribution centers, and service providers must make all designations in writing to the entities they are designating, whether by electronic message, public website, or other appropriate means. Such designations may be made orally until March 31, 2020 at 11:59 pm.
(6) Businesses, operations, suppliers, distribution centers, and service providers that abuse their designation authority shall be subject to sanctions to the fullest extent of the law.

(c) Workers in the insurance industry, but only to the extent that their work cannot be done by telephone or remotely.

(d) Workers and volunteers for businesses or operations (including both and religious and secular nonprofit organizations) that provide food, shelter, and other necessities of life for economically disadvantaged or otherwise needy individuals, individuals who need assistance as a result of this emergency, and people with disabilities.

(e) Workers who perform critical labor union functions, including those who administer health and welfare funds and those who monitor the well-being and safety of union members who are critical infrastructure workers, provided that any administration or monitoring should be done by telephone or remotely where possible.

10. Nothing in this order should be taken to supersede another executive order or directive that is in effect, except to the extent this order imposes more stringent limitations on in-person work, activities, and interactions. Consistent with prior guidance, a place of religious worship, when used for religious worship, is not subject to penalty under section 14.

11. Nothing in this order should be taken to interfere with or infringe on the powers of the legislative and judicial branches to perform their constitutional duties or exercise their authority.

12. This order takes effect on March 24, 2020 at 12:01 am, and continues through April 13, 2020 at 11:59 pm.

13. The governor will evaluate the continuing need for this order prior to its expiration. In determining whether to maintain, intensify, or relax its restrictions, she will consider, among other things, (1) data on COVID-19 infections and the disease’s rate of spread; (2) whether sufficient medical personnel, hospital beds, and ventilators exist to meet anticipated medical need; (3) the availability of personal protective equipment for the health-care workforce; (4) the state’s capacity to test for COVID-19 cases and isolate infected people; and (5) economic conditions in the state.

14. Consistent with MCL 10.33 and MCL 30.405(3), a willful violation of this order is a misdemeanor.
Given under my hand and the Great Seal of the State of Michigan.

Date: March 23, 2020
Time: 10:39 am

GRETCHEN WHITMER
GOVERNOR

By the Governor:

__________________________
SECRETARY OF STATE
MEMORANDUM

Date: March 20, 2020

To: Health Care Providers

From: Joneigh Khaldun, MD, MPH, FACEP
Chief Medical Executive and Chief Deputy for Health
Michigan Department of Health and Human Services

Thank you for your continued service in responding to the COVID-19 pandemic. This letter introduces guidance for all providers and staff involved in patient care and public health staffing with critical roles in the COVID-19 response (local or state).

The Michigan Department of Health and Human Services is currently reporting sustained widespread community transmission of COVID-19 in multiple areas of the State. This guidance is intended to help with the development of occupational health programs, policies, and priorities for groups that are critical to the healthcare system in the State of Michigan and is applicable to the following groups: hospitals, healthcare facilities, EMS, other organizations that employ healthcare workers in the inpatient or outpatient setting, all providers and support staff involved in patient care, and public health staffing actively involved in the COVID-19 response (local or state).

This interim guidance should be considered alongside applicable state and federal regulations and provided to all healthcare workers as appropriate. The primary recommendations in this guidance include:

1) If you are sick, please stay home.

2) Healthcare workers currently prohibited from working because of previous guidance may return to work if asymptomatic if they are able to be closely monitored by their facility’s occupational health program and adhere to all requirements for self-monitoring.

3) In the context of sustained community transmission of COVID-19, all healthcare workers are at risk for unrecognized exposures. Therefore, ALL healthcare workers should self-monitor for fever with twice-daily temperature measurements and for symptoms consistent with COVID-19.

4) If you are a healthcare worker who has had a known high-risk exposure to a patient(s) with confirmed COVID-19, you should take extra care to monitor your health but can keep working. There is no requirement for 14-day quarantine of healthcare workers with high-risk exposures in the setting of sustained community transmission as we have in multiple areas of the State of Michigan.

5) MDHHS advises against testing of any asymptomatic individuals with or without an exposure to COVID-19, including healthcare workers.